



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS Product identifier: LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Solvent for coatings

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

Lanco & Harris Corp.
600 Mid Florida Drive Airport Industrial Park
32824 Orlando - Florida - United States
Phone.: 407-240-4000 - Fax: 407-240-4000
info@lancopaints.com
http://www.lancopaints.com

1.4 Emergency phone number: CHEMTREC (US Transportation) +1-800-262-8200| CHEMTREC (International Transportation) +1-703-741-5500

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

NFPA:

Health Hazards: 2
Flammability Hazards: 3
Instability Hazards: 0
Special Hazards: Non-applicable

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity if swallowed, Category 4, H302

Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304

Carc. 2: Carcinogenicity, Category 2, H351

Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319

Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225

Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361

Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315

STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 2, H373

STOT SE 2: Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 2, H371

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

NFPA:



29 CFR 1910.1200:

Danger



Hazard statements:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation
STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
STOT SE 2: H371 - May cause damage to organs
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements:

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102: Keep out of reach of children
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking
P264: Wash thoroughly after use
P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out
P501: Dispose of contents and / or their container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality

Substances that contribute to the classification

Toluene; acetone; propan-2-ol; methanol

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Solvent/s

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 108-88-3	Toluene Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Repr. 2: H361; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	25 - <50 %
CAS: 67-64-1	acetone Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS: 67-63-0	propan-2-ol Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	10 - <25 %
CAS: 67-56-1	methanol Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 1: H370 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 110-54-3	n-hexane Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; Repr. 2: H361; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 108-10-1	4-methylpentan-2-one Acute Tox. 4: H332; Acute Tox. 5: H303; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	2.5 - <10 %
CAS: 111-76-2	2-butoxyethanol Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 4: H227; Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Warning	2.5 - <10 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO₂). IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

The characteristic of Ignitability per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D001 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in fixed places that comply with the necessary security conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to containers of small amounts. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 35.01 °F
Maximum Temp.: 100 °F
Maximum time: 36 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL	300 ppm	
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	8-hour TWA PEL	1000 ppm	2400 mg/m ³
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
propan-2-ol	8-hour TWA PEL	400 ppm	980 mg/m ³

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
CAS: 67-63-0	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
methanol	8-hour TWA PEL	200 ppm	260 mg/m ³
CAS: 67-56-1	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
n-hexane	8-hour TWA PEL	500 ppm	1800 mg/m ³
CAS: 110-54-3	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
4-methylpentan-2-one	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	410 mg/m ³
CAS: 108-10-1	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
2-butoxyethanol	8-hour TWA PEL	50 ppm	240 mg/m ³
CAS: 111-76-2	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limits.. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR)

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

National volatile organic compound emission standards (40 CFR Part 59):

V.O.C. (Subpart C - Consumer):	83.34 % weight
V.O.C. (Coatings) at 68 °F:	680.1 kg/m ³ (680.1 g/L)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 68 °F:	Liquid
Appearance:	Not available
Color:	Colorless
Odor:	Pleasant
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	199 °F
Vapour pressure at 68 °F:	5840 Pa
Vapour pressure at 122 °F:	38741 Pa (38.74 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *

Product description:

Density at 68 °F:	816.1 kg/m ³
Relative density at 68 °F:	0.816
Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:	0.65 cP
Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:	0.8 cSt
Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	<20.5 cSt
Concentration:	Non-applicable *
pH:	Non-applicable *
Vapour density at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility in water at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Melting point/freezing point:	-135 °F
Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point:	32 °F
Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
Autoignition temperature:	684 °F
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available

Explosive:

Lower explosive limit:	Non-applicable *
Upper explosive limit:	Non-applicable *

9.2 Other information:

Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
Refraction index:	Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO₂), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. With possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health, it is recommended not to breathe the vapours for long periods of time.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.
IARC: Toluene (3); propan-2-ol (3); 4-methylpentan-2-one (2B); 2-butoxyethanol (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

The consumption of a considerable dose can cause pulmonary damage.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	LD50 oral	5580 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	12124 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	28.1 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	LD50 oral	5280 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	12800 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	72.6 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	3 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
n-hexane CAS: 110-54-3	LD50 oral	5100 mg/kg	Mouse
	LD50 dermal	3000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	Non-applicable	
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2	LD50 oral	1414 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1060 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
4-methylpentan-2-one CAS: 108-10-1	LD50 oral	2080 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	Non-applicable	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Identification	Acute toxicity		Species	Genus
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	LC50	13 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
	EC50	11.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	125 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
	EC50	23.5 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	LC50	9640 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	13299 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	1000 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	LC50	15400 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
	EC50	12000 mg/L (96 h)	Nitrocras spinipes	Crustacean
	EC50	530 mg/L (168 h)	Microcystis aeruginosa	Algae
n-hexane CAS: 110-54-3	LC50	4 mg/L (96 h)	Carassius auratus	Fish
	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		
4-methylpentan-2-one CAS: 108-10-1	LC50	900 mg/L (48 h)	Leuciscus idus	Fish
	EC50	862 mg/L (24 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	980 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2	LC50	1490 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
	EC50	1815 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	911 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	BOD5	2.5 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	0.96	% Biodegradable	96 %
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BOD5	1.19 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.23 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.53	% Biodegradable	86 %

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.42 g O ₂ /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	92 %
n-hexane CAS: 110-54-3	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	Non-applicable	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	100 %
4-methylpentan-2-one CAS: 108-10-1	BOD5	2.06 g O ₂ /g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.16 g O ₂ /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.95	% Biodegradable	84 %
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2	BOD5	0.71 g O ₂ /g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	2.2 g O ₂ /g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.32	% Biodegradable	96 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	BCF	13
	Pow Log	2.73
	Potential	Low
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	BCF	1
	Pow Log	-0.24
	Potential	Low
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.05
	Potential	Low
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	BCF	3
	Pow Log	-0.77
	Potential	Low
n-hexane CAS: 110-54-3	BCF	542
	Pow Log	3.9
	Potential	High
4-methylpentan-2-one CAS: 108-10-1	BCF	2
	Pow Log	1.31
	Potential	Low
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.83
	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Toluene CAS: 108-88-3	Koc	178	Henry	672.8 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.793E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	Koc	1	Henry	2.93 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.304E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
propan-2-ol CAS: 67-63-0	Koc	1.5	Henry	8.207E-1 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.24E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
methanol CAS: 67-56-1	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.355E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
n-hexane CAS: 110-54-3	Koc	150	Henry	185425 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	1.798E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
4-methylpentan-2-one CAS: 108-10-1	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.35E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable
2-butoxyethanol CAS: 111-76-2	Koc	8	Henry	1.621E-1 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	No
	Surface tension	2.729E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group, if applicable: I
14.5 Marine pollutant: No
14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 39-18:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group, if applicable: I
14.5 Marine pollutant: No
14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Non-applicable

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2020:



- 14.1 UN number:** UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Toluene)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
Labels: 3
14.4 Packing group, if applicable: I
14.5 Marine pollutant: No
14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
14.7 Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code): Non-applicable

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

SARA Title III - Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting (Section 313): Toluene ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Toluene ; methanol ; 4-methylpentan-2-one
The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one
New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
New York RTK - Substance list: Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable
NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable
Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: Toluene ; acetone ; propan-2-ol ; methanol ; n-hexane ; 4-methylpentan-2-one ; 2-butoxyethanol
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable
Hazardous substances release notification under CERCLA sections 102-103 (40 CFR Part 302): Toluene (1000 pounds) ; acetone (5000 pounds) ; methanol (5000 pounds) ; n-hexane (5000 pounds) ; 4-methylpentan-2-one (5000 pounds)

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -



LT978-4 - PREMIUM LACQUER THINNER (CA-BLEND)

Date of compilation: 8/26/2020

Version: 1

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Other legislation:

The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

Occupational Safety and Health Standards (1910 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H361: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H371: May cause damage to organs

H351: Suspected of causing cancer

H302: Harmful if swallowed

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H319: Causes serious eye irritation

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled

Acute Tox. 5: H303 - May be harmful if swallowed

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

Flam. Liq. 4: H227 - Combustible liquid

Repr. 2: H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

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END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET